INTRODUCTION

For more than thirty=five years the Soviet Union has served as the principal base source of authoritative guidance and support for the subversive activities of International Communism. The elements of the Communist conspiracy throughout the world have in turn provided the Soviet Government with invaluable assistance in sepionage and The evidence of all these years leads the scapably to the conclusion that the International Communist Movement whatever to be a guide to the batterment of the lot of mankind, is fact nothing hore than the conspirationial arm of Soviet imperialis Nowhere have the communists, upon gaining power or their at empts gain power shown taxxxxxxitx any sincere interest in human welfare. Everywhere they have prostituted the national interest and the of their own people to the demands of Soviet Imperialism. Trom the beginning, Soviet official installations abroad have played a critical ies to serve, sometimes the citizens of a country role in t unwittingly, to become the agents of the foreign policy, 66 the foreign installations abreed have served as the forward bases in the Free World through which contacts have been maintained with Communist parties and secret agents. They have served to provide extensive and valuable assistance abroad to Communist subversive operations. They have served as pretective covers for Soviet security police in their opposed to unrelenting effort to destroy groups and individuals Soviet government or other Communist governments; operations of this sort have shown a callous disregard for national soveraignty. The indispensability of clandestine and conspiratorial activity is axion in Communist theory and thereby in the policy of the Soviet _ The intelligence services are given a major role in the strategy of that Government, and the conventional activities of a dimbomatic installation shen as representation, observation, and negotiation are frequently subordinated to blandestine intelligence and subversion require= The sup plementary functions of espionage, support and guidance of foreign (local) Communist parties and of front organizations, and the

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part of the mission of part of the mission of





Satellite diplomatic posts abroad are used by the satellite intelligence services in a similar fashion. The operations of these services may supplement or substitute for Soviet intelligence operations, whenever required by Soviet interests. The intelligence product of the satellite services is always available to the Soviets because of the "advisory" system which permits Soviet officers attached to head-quarters units of the satellite services to hold ultimate control over these services.

The formunist parties, the international Communist fronts grows and their national affiliates have been used by the Soviet intelligence services as bases for recruitment, as included covered to the support of activity — economic, political, and even social — is considered a proper sphere for subversive workl Effective espionage accomplished by national Communist party apparats or by individual party members has been revealed through exposed Soviet operations in Australia, Japan, Canada, the United States, Mexico, France, Germany, Great Britain, Sweden, Norway, Iran, Italy and other Free World areas.

the Foreign Section of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union. Exploitation of the foreign Communist parties by the Soviet intelligence services or by instruments of the Agitation-Propaganda Section of the Central Committee is coordinated with the Foreign Section. Within the national Communist parties, and Communist front groups, liaison agents act both as Communist parties and Communist front groups, liaison agents are managed, in most cases, by through direct contact with Soviet intelligence officials serving ostensibly as diplomats, Trade Mission officer, TASS correspondents, or VOKS representatives.

Soviet official installations abroad also serve as distribution points for propaganda contained in marious media films, books, magazines, newspapers, etc. In the presentation of ideas, the Soviets are attaining a degree of subtlety seldom achieved in the increased Kill This represents a greater degree of danger in areas where political naiveté, opportunism, or unfortunate economic conditions may lead to ready acceptance of outwardly attractive Soviet-promoted propaganda. Subversion through various forms of subsidization of bodies, local press services, political and other influential groups, often achieved through outright bribery, is also conducted from Soviet official installations.

Soviet official missions abroad offer many advantages and forms of support for espionage. The major advantage is that professional intelligence personnel can be concealed among those required for the transaction of normal diplomatic, commercial, and cultural activities. Intelligence requirements have sometimes led to the expansion of some Soviet installations out of all proper proportion to the volume of conventional business transacted, as was the case in in Indonesia in the fall of 1955. In some instances the personnel involved in clandestine activity actually outnumber those carrying out normal representational functions. Soviet intelligence defectors have estimated, for example, that appropriately 85% of 7955 personnel are engaged in espionage.

A second obvious advantage is that of extraterritoriality. Diplomatic

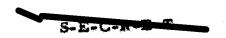
immunity has prevented the arrest of hundreds of Soviet intelligence operatives who have claimed immunity when caught in compromising situations, instead of receiving long prisons sentences, they have merely been deported to the Soviet Union. Diplomatic immunity has permitted the Soviet services install to/Exercises within their Ambassies offices in where sensitive records of espionage activity be maintained and where discussions, planning, and cryptographic work for intelligence operations em be carried on securely.

A third major advantage offered by the official installations abroad is the facility which such installations and their activities provide for the provision of aupport in either a legal, quasi-legal or covert manner to local g agents, Communist parties or to other auxiliaries. Such aid may even extend to agents and organization in another Free World country. International boundaries are considered by Soviet intelligence services to function not only as obstacles but also as protective screens for clandestine x activity. Thus the subversive activities carried on from a particular Soviet installation may be directed at a third country.

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In the following pages a brief analysis is presented of the missions and tasks of subversive nature which are carried out through Soviet installations abroad, the EXTERIZENT character of the installations used, and the methods by which the advantages offered by these installations are exploited.

The list below names officers and other staff personnel of Soviet intelligence services who have been exposed publicly, from approximately 1942 to mid-1959, as involved in espionage while functioning ostensibly as diplomatic or other official representatives abroad.



Diplomatic and Consular Positions

AKSENOV, Nikolay Vasilyevich. Second Secretary, Soviet Embassy. Mexico City; declared png for fostering Communist labor agitation in Mexico, April 1959. (Another list says: "accused of espionage".)

BELOUSOV (BELUSOV), Viktor Vasilyevich. Second Secretary. Soviet Embassy, Stockholms involved in the Zartaryan espionage case; declared png as a result of his espionage activities against Sweden, January 1957.

BELOV, Nikolay Andreyevich. Counselor, Soviet Embassy, Buenos Aires; declared png for political activities and interference in the internal Affairs of Argentina, April 1959.

4 DOLBIN, Gregoriy Grigoryevich. Counselor, Soviet Embassy, Washington, 1946; previously had served in Japan, 1940-1944.

DRANKOV, Vasiliy Dmitriyevich. Second Secretary and Press Attache, Soviet Embassy, The Hague; expelled from the Netherlands for conducting espionage and attempting to bribe a Dutch official, January 1957. after PETROV defected,

DYAKANOV, Dmitriy Alekseyevich. First Secretary, Soviet Embassy Buenos Aires; declared png for fomenting industrial riots, April 1959.

FARAFONTOV, Aleksandr N. Clerk, Soviet Embassy, Ottawa, 1945; involved in espionage.

GUBANOV, Fedor Yegorovich. Clerk, Soviet Embassy, Canberra; State Security worker; returned to USSR. March 1951.

GUSEV, Sergey D. Doorman, Soviet Embassy, Ottawa, 1945; GRU officer.

KISLYTSYN, Filipp Vasilyevich. Second Secretary, Soviet Embassy, Canberra, October 1952 to April 1954; RIS assignment: organize an "illegal apparatus" in Australia, "study" members of Parliament and Diplomatic Corps.

KOVALENKO, Yevgeniy Vasilyevich. Third Secretary, Soviet Embassy, Canberra; State Security officer; departed April 1954.

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KRYLOV, Lev Vladislavovich.
First Secretary, Soviet Embassy,
Caracas; intervened in an
aggressive manner against the
detainment of an Embassy employee
who was suspected of illicit
political activities; declared png.
June 1952.

KUDRIAVTZEV, Sergei Mikhaylovich.
Press Attache, Ankara, 1942; First
Secretary, Soviet Embassy, Ottawa;
GRU officer in Canada, 1945.
Served in Vienna, 1952-1955.
Arrived, Bonn, West Germany,
as Minister Counsellor, 20 December
1955; departed September 1957.

KULAKOV, (fnu) (Lieutenant). Clerk, Soviet Embassy, Ottawa, 1945; involved in Espionage.

**RUROCHKIN, Nikolay Ivanovich.
Third Secretary, Soviet Embassy,
Washington; declared png for
intelligence activities and attempting to buy classified military
publications, June 1958.

MAKAROV, Semen Ivanovich.
Glerk, Third Secretary and First
Secretary, Soviet Embassy, Canberra, 1943 - 1949; first State
Security Resident, Australia.

MASHKANTZEV, Genadiy
Fedorovich. Employee,
Soviet Embassy, Washington;
expelled from US for improper
activities in attempt to
force a former Air Force
officer (Peter PIROGOV) to
return to the USSR, April
1957.

MASLENNIKOV, Nikolay.
Second Secretary, Soviet
Embassy, Warsaw; it was
reported by the Polish press
on 30 May 1957 that he had
been declared pag by the
Polish Government for
activities incompatible with
diplomatic status.

MERKULOV, Alexandr Ivanovich. Second Secretary, Soviet Embassy, Oslo, until March 1952; a contact of Asbjorn SUNDE, a Norwegian convicted of espionage in July 1954.

MITROFANOV, Victor Y.
Chauffeur, Soviet Embassy,
Oslo; involved in the Asbjorn
SUNDE espionage case.



- 2 MOLEV, Vasilty Mikhaylovich. Clerk, Soviet Embassy, Washington; involved in SOBLE-ALBAM espionage case; departed US January 1957.
- NOVIKOV. Nikolai Vasilyevich. Charge d'Affaires, Soviet Embassy, Washington; with TOLOKONIKOV, directed the GUBITCHEV - COPLON case.
- NOVIKOV, Yuri Vasilyevich. Second Secretary, Soviet Embassy, Washington; involved in the VERBER - PONGER esplonage case; declared png, January 1953.
- 🧈 ORLOV, Nikolay P. Employee, Soviet 🦥 Embassy, Stockholm; expelled from Sweden for connection with H. E. ANDERSSON espionage case, September Canberra; State Security Resident, 1951; target: military data, including invasion routes into Sweden.
- 25 OTROSHENKO, Andrey Makarovich (Golonel). Official of Soviet Ministry of Fereign Affairs in Japan, 1953; Chief of Far East Intelligence for State Security.

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- PANYUSHKIN, Aleksandr Semonovich, Soviet Ambassador to the United States, 1947 - 1951; a Major General in State Security.
- PAVLOV, Vitaliy, G. Second Secretary, Soviet Embassy, Ottawa, 1945; Chief of State Security legal network in Canada.
- ার PETROV, Vladimir Mikhaylovich. Third Secretary and acting VOKS officer, Soviet Embasey, Canberra, Australia, 1951-1954; defected April 1954.
 - SADOVNIKOV, Valentin Matveyevich. Second and later First Secretary, Soviet Embassy, April 1949 to April 1951.
- 30 SHIBAYEV, Petr Andreyevich (Colonel). Advisor of Soviet Ministry of Foreign Affairs; in Japan, 1951, to control CP activities and to exploit Soviet contacts with the US Counter-Intelligence Corps.

SOKOLOV, Georgiy Aleksandrovich. ZUBILIN, Vassili Mikhaylovich. Counselor, Soviet Embassy, Washington, 1948; former Chief Resident in Tokyo; in the US in similar position.

Third, then Second Secretary, Soviet Embassy, Washington; directed atomic espionage in the US from 1942 to 1944.

30 TOLOKONNIKOV, Lev Sergeyevich. First Secretary, Soviet Embassy. Washington; with N. V. NOVIKOV, directed the GUBICHEV - COPLON

S VINOGRADOV, Konstantin. Secretary, Soviet Embassy, Stockholm, 1947; involved in Hilding ANDERSSON espionage case.

SUVLADYKIN, Nikolai Alekseyevich. Counselor, Soviet Embassy, Washington; replaced PANY USHKIN as State Security Resident in the US.

33 YAKOVLEV, Anatoli Antonovich. Vice-Consul, Soviet Consulate, Mew York City, until 1946; received reports from Harry GOLD, September 1944 to December 1946.

36 ZHUKOV, Ivan Vasilievich. Chauffeur, Soviet Embassy, Oslo, until January 1954; involved in the Asbjorn SUNDE espionage case.

Military, Naval and Air Attaches

- ALYABYEV, Mikhail Sergeyevich.
 Military Attache, Soviet Embassy,
 Caracas; intervened in an aggressive manner against the detainment
 of an Embassy employee who was
 suspected of illicit political
 activities; declared png, June 1952.
- AMOSOV, Igor Aleksandrovich (Commander) Asst. Naval Attache, Soviet Embassy, Washington, 1952-1954; declared png, February 1954, for intelligence activities aimed at obtaining information on US naval vessels and equipment.
- ANGELOV, Pavel N. (Lieutenant).
 Officer on staff of Military Attache,
 Soviet Embassy, Ottawa, 1945;
 GRU liaison agent.
- ASTAFYEV, Aleksandr Romanovich (Commander). Naval Attache, Soviet Embassy, Rome, October 1948 - May 1955.
- BUBCHIKOV, Ivan Aleksandrovich (Colonel). Asst. Military Attache, Seviet Embassy, Washington; expelled from the US for engaging in espionage activities, June 1956.

- CHERNOV, Leonid Ivanovich (Colonel). Asst. Military Attache, Soviet Embassy, The Hague (one list gives his position as: Military and Air Attache); declared png, January 1958, for seeking information on navalinstallations.
- EGOROV (YEGOROV), Viktor V. (Major). Asst. Military Attache, Soviet Embassy, Stockholm; involved in ENBOM espionage case, 1948 - 1951.
- ERMOLAEV (YERMOLAYEV),
 Sergei. Asst. to the Naval
 Attache, Soviet Embassy, Rome,
 1952-1955; arrested by the
 Italians in April 1955 on charges
 of esptonage; declared png. for
 conduct incompatible with diplomatic
 status, May 1955.
- GALKIN, (fnu) (Captain). GRU officer in Canada in 1945.
- GUDKOV, Andrey Fedorovich (Major). Asst. Military Attache, Soviet Embassy, London; expelled for attempted espionage, May 1954.

GURSHKOV, (fnu) (Captain). Driver for GRU chief, Canada, 1945.

IONCHENKO, Nikolay Vasilyevich (Lt. Colonel). Military Attache (one source says: Asst. Air Attache), Soviet Embassy, Ankara; requested to leave Turkey as a result of his efforts to buy military information, May 1956.

KOSHELEV, Vladimir Fedorovich (Commander). Acting Naval Attache, Soviet Embassy, Oslo, 1951; involved in the Per DANIELSEN espionage case.

KRYLOV, Yurily Pavlovich (Major). Asst. Military Attache, Seviet Embassy, Washington; declared png, January 1957, for buying electronic equipment and attempting to buy secret military information.

KUZNETSOV, Anatoliy Ivanovich (Major). Asst. Military Attache, Soviet Embassy, Teheran; expelled from Iran for intelligence activities, March 1956. LISHCHIN, Mikhail Nikolayevich. Clerk, Naval Attache's Office, Soviet Consulate-General, Istanbul; expelled from Turkey, September 1957, for espionage activities and attempting to obtain information on defense establishments.

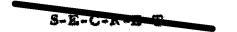
MALIKOV, Aleksey. Chauffeur to the Naval Attache, Soviet Consulate-General, Istanbul; declared png for espionage activities, September 1957.

MARLAGIN, Aleksandr Mikhaylovich. (Captain). Asst. Naval Attache, Seviet Consulate-General, Istanbul; requested to leave Turkey within 48 hours for espionage activities and attempting to obtain information on defense establishments, September 1957.

MIKHEYEV, Vladimir Petrovich.
Employee, Military Attache's
office, Soviet Embassy, Washington,
July 1954 - May 1956; attempted to
procure military information from
US government officials.

MOROZOV, Aleksandr Dmitriyevich (Captain). Naval Attache and Asst. Military Attache, Seviet Embassy, Buenos Aires; declared png for intelligence activities, June 1956.

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MOTINOV, Petr Semenovich (Lt. Colonel). Aset. Military Attache, Soviet Embassy, Ottawa; was in indirect contact with Canadian Communists involved in espionage in 1945.

PIVNEY, Leonid Yegorovich (Lt. Colonel). Asst. Air Attache, Soviet Embassy, Washington, 1950 -1954; declared pug for intelligence activities aimed at obtaining classified military information, May 1954.

(Major). Asst. Military Attache (one source says: Asst. Air Attache), Soviet Embassy, London; declared png for espionage, May 1954.

REMISOV, Nikolai Matveyevich (Captain). Asst. Naval Attache, Seviet Embassy, Mexico City; declared png for fostering Communist labor agitation in Mexico, April 1959.

ROGOV, Anatoliy Vladimirovich (Lt. Colonel). Military Attache, Seviet Embassy, Copenhagen; attempted to obtain military information illegally; expelled (not officially declared png) by Danish government in January 1957. ROMANOV, Aleksandr I. (Major). Asst. to GRU chief in Canada, 1943-1945.

RUDICHEV, Mikhail Kusmich (Lt. Commander). Asst. Naval Attache, Soviet Embassy, Copenhagen; attempted to obtain military information illegally; expelled from Denmark, February 1957.

SMIRNOV, Sergey Sergeyevich.
Asst. to the Military Attache,
Soviet Embassy, Copenhagen;
ordered to leave Denmark for
attempting to obtain secret
information on Danish defenses,
October 1957.

SOKOLOV, (fau). Wife of Major Boris SOKOLOV; was used as a liaison agent for GRU network, Canada, 1945.

SOKOLOV, Afanasi S. (Commander). Naval Attache, Soviet Embassy, Oslo, 1951; involved in the Per DANIELSEN case.

SOLOVOV, Aleksandr. Asst. Military Attache, Soviet Embassy, Rome; declared png for espionage, May/1958. C. P. Carrier

SUKHACHEV, Georgiy Nikonorovich. Interpreter, Military Attache office, Seviet Embassy, The Hague; declared png for attempting to obtain military information, January 1958.

ZABOTIN, Nikolay (Colonel).

Military Attache, Soviet Embassy,
Ottawa; chief of GRU network in
Canada, 1943 - 1945.

ZAVAROUKHIN, Peter. Asst. Military Attache, Soviet Embassy, Stockholm; involved in the ENBOM espionage case, 1946 - 1948.

ZENIN, Vasiliy Sergeyevich (Captain).

Asst. Naval Attache (one source says:

Naval Attache), Soviet Embassy, The

Hague; declared png for seeking

information on naval installations,

January 1958.

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VOKS Representatives; Press, Cultural and Undesignated Attaches

CHERNOV (TSHERNOV), Feeder. Attache, Seviet Embassy, Stockholm; target: military and transportation information.

KMARKOVETZ, Georgiy Ivanovich.

Press Attache, Soviet Embassy,

Canberra, February 1951 - April
1954; RIS assignment: to develop
agents among contacts in correspondent,
government worker and diplomatic
circles.

KUZNETSOV, Pavel Stepanovich.
Attache, Soviet Embassy, London;
received secret data from a British
Foreign Office wireless operator,
1952; declared png for espionage,
July 1952.

MESHEVITINOV, Boris S. Cultural Attache, Soviet Embassy, Oslo, 1950-1954; declared png for attempting to obtain military data, February 1954.

MITSKEVITCH, V. P. State Security Colonel; head of the "intelligence group" in VOKS.

MONAKHOV, Konstantin Petrovich. Cultural Secretary, Soviet Embassy, Buenos Aires; declared png for formenting industrial riots, April 1959.

PETROV, Vladimir M. (See under: Diplomatic and Consular Positions)

PLAITKAIS, Yanis Eduardovich. Attache, Soviet Embassy, Canberra, January 1953 -April 1954; RIS assignment: work among Russian emigres.

SHALKHAROV, Khairulla.
Attache, Soviet Embassy,
Bangkok; declared png on
charges of activities dangerous
to the peace and security of
the nation and subversive
activities in the fields of labor,
students, journalists and
politics, October 1958.

TELEKI, Fozsef. Attache, Hungarian Legation, Vienna; attempted to Mackmail a refugee to undertake espionage activities, declared png, May 1938.

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VYSSELSKY, Aleksey Vladimirovich.
Press Attache and later a Third
Secretary, Soviet Embassy, Camberra;
State Security officer; returned to
the USSR in November 1950.

United Nations

GROMOV, Anatole Borisovich.
State Security Colonel; used UN
cover for espionage; also was First
Secretary, Soviet Embassy, Washington.

GRUSHA, Vladimir Arsentyevich.
First Secretary, Soviet delegation,
UN; requested by US Government to
leave the country as a result of
attempts to obtain confidential
documents regarding a report on the
USSR's suppression of the Hungarian
reveit, April 1957.

GUMCHEV, Valentin Alekseyevich. UN employes; exposed March 1949; target: counter-intelligence information

GURYANOV, Aleksandr Konstantinovich. Attache, Seviet delegation to the UN; declared png as a result of his part in the "redefection" of five Soviet seamen, April 1956. KOVALEV (KOVALYOV).
Aleksandr Petrovich. Second
Secretary, Soviet delegation
to the UN; expelled from the
US for improper activities,
including espionage, February
1954.

MARTYNOV, Maksim Grigoryevich (Colonel). Counselor, Soviet Military Staff to the UN; declared png for intelligence activities, February 1955.

PETROV, Viktor Ivanovich.
Translater, Secretariat, UN;
dismissed from the UN for
attempting to obtain information
on military aircraft, July 1956.

SUMSKOY, Mikhail Mikhaylovich. UN employee in the 1940's.

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TITOV, Alexander Semenovich. Used UN cover for State Security activity in 1955.

TURKIN, Nikolay Fedorovich. her Russian father of an A Third Secretary, Soviet delegation born child, October 1956. to the UN; declared png as a result of his part in the "redefection" of five Soviet seamen, April 1956.

YEKIMOV, Konstantin Pavlovich. Second Secretary, Soviet delegation to the UN; declared png for his part in the abduction from the US by her Russian father of an Americanborn child, October 1956.

TASS Representatives

ALKAYEVA, Leila. Worked for Soviet Naval intelligence, Turkey, 1942.

ANISIMOV, Viktor. Exposed as RIS operative, 1951 - 1952, in Stockholm.

ANTONOV, Viktor Nikolayevich.
TASS correspondent in Australia,
1934; RIS target; newspapermen, members of Parliament.

CHUGUNOV, Konstantin Alekseyevich. RIS agent in the US under TASS cover.

JANOVICZ, Nikolai V. TASS employee, Soviet Embassy, Oslo; involved in the Asbjorn SUNDE case, exposed in 1954.

KUDRYAVTSEV, Sergey Mikhaylovich. GRU functionary under TASS cover, Berlin, 1941.

MEDVEDEV, (fnu). Used alias: MOROZOV; GRU officer (Colonel) under TASS cover, Ankara, 1942.

MIKHAYLOV, Vladimir. GRU officer under TASS cover, Ankara, 1942.

NOSOV, Fedor Andreyevich. State Security functionary under TASS cover in Australia until August 1950.

OKOROKOVA, Augusta Vasilyevna. RIS agent under TASS cover, Turkey, 1942; later was translator and typist in Soviet Consulate.

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PARHOMOV, Ivan Mikhaylovich. TASS employee and State Security worker in Australia, arriving there June 1950.

PISAREV, Lev Konstantinovich. TASS correspondent, The Hague; declared png for activities aimed at obtaining military and civilian defense data, February 1953.

SAMOYLOV, Konstantin Petrovich. GRU Colonel; TASS correspondent, Japan, date not determined.

TRUSHIN, Yuriy Fedorovich. TASS representative, Bangkok; declared pag on charges of activities dangerous to the peace and security of the nation and subversive activities in the fields of labor, students, journalists and politics. October 1956.

VISHNYAKOV, Pavel. Chief of TASS Bureau, Ankara, 1942; State Security officer.

YEGOROV (EGOROV), Yevgenly. Semenovich (Captain). TASS Correspondent, Tokyol. GRU officer.

YUDIN, (fnu)
Alias TARASOV; RIS officer using
TASS cover, Berlin, 1941.

Japan, date not determined.

ZHEVEINOV, Nicolai I. TASS functionary, Ottawa, 1945; GRU
TRUSHIN, Yuriy Fedorovich. TASS agent; target: Canadian Army.

Quasi-legal Representatives

DOMINITSKIY, Andrey Ivanovich (Colonel). Chief, Soviet Mission, Tokyo; used this position as a cover for espionage.

RASTYOROV, Yuri Aleksandrovich (Lt. Celonel). State Security officer assigned to the Soviet Mission, Tokyo; defected, 1954.

KOTELNIKOV, Anatoliy FedorovichTIKHVINSKIY, Sergey Leonidovich (Colonel). Chief, Consular Section, (Colonel). Chief, Soviet Mission in Soviet Mission, Tokyo.

Japan, 1956-1957; he has also used TASS as a cover.

VASHKIN, Ivan Alekseyevich (Colonel). Chief, State Security group at Soviet Mission, Tokyo.

Russian Red Cross

BALAYAN, (fnu) (Colonel). Head of the "intelligence group" in the Russian Red Cross; has been abroad many times under Red Cross cover.

Soviet Delegations

SMIRNOV, Andrey (Colonel). Member, Soviet Skating delegation to Japan; RIS officer.

Trade Representatives and Commercial Attaches

CHISTYAROV, Aleksandr. Employee, Soviet Trade Mission, Stockholm, 1941; directed Soviet agent, Anatole ERICSSON, who was arrested in 1956; targets: Russian refugees. Swedish identity documents.

IVASHOV, Vasily Grigoryevich. Employee, Soviet Commercial Mission, Ottawa, 1943 - 1945; used as a Buenos Aires; declared png for fomenting industrial riots, April 1959.

KOVALIEV, Nikolay Grigoryevich Commercial Attache, Soviet Embassy, Camberra, 1952-1954; RIS assignment: develop contacts in political and industrial circle

KROTOV, Ivan Ivanovich. Com mercial Counselor, Soviet Emb liaison agent by the GRU.

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KRUTIKOV, Fedor Andreyevich. Commercial Attache, Soviet Embassy, Canberra, 1948 - 1950; State Security functionary.

MIROSHNIKOV, Petr Sergeyevich.
Soviet Trade Delegation official,
Stockholm; expelled from Sweden
for activities against Soviet and
Satellite refugges and seeking
iti formation on radar equipment,
August 1956.

SEMENOV, Semen Markovich.
Amtorg employee, US;
received reports re atomic energy
development in 1944.

SOKOLOV, Beris P. (Major). GRU efficer in Canada in 1945; cover position: member of Commercial Counselor's staff, Soviet Embassy, Ottawa.